

# How does the Child and Youth Safe Organisations Framework relate to other reporting schemes?



  
Leader of an organisation under the Child and Youth Safe Organisations Framework who receives reportable conduct information

Must report to

## Independent Regulator

**Why they must get the report:**

- They will oversee your investigation of the reportable conduct and require you to report back on the investigation.

**What they do with the report:**

- They can share the information in the report with the Police, the Registrar of Working with Vulnerable People Act, and/or the Advice and Referral Line.

If the conduct is suspected to be criminal, also report to

## Police

**Why they must get the report:**

- They may conduct a criminal investigation.

**What they do with the report:**

- They can share the information in the report with the Independent Regulator, the Registrar of Working with Vulnerable People Act, and/or the Advice and Referral Line.

If the worker holds a Registration to Work with Vulnerable People, may also need to report to

## Registrar of the Working with Vulnerable People Act

**Why they must get the report:**

- They may conduct a risk assessment into whether the worker should have their Registration to Work with Vulnerable People suspended or cancelled.

**What they do with the report:**

- They can share the information in the report with the Independent Regulator, the Police, and/or the Advice and Referral Line.

If the leader of the organisation is a mandatory reporter, may also need to report to

## The Advice and Referral Line

**Why they must get the report:**

- They may do an initial assessment if the allegation relates to the child's living arrangements.

**What they do with the report:**

- They can share the information in the report with the Independent Regulator, the Police, the Registrar of Working with Vulnerable People Act and/or other professional regulators.
- They can also refer the matter to the local Child Safety Service for a more in-depth assessment if there are concerns about the child's living arrangement.

May also need to report to

## Other regulators

**Why they must get the report:**

- They may investigate where the allegation could affect professional registration (e.g. where the worker is a registered health professional).

**What they do with the report:**

- They can likely share the information in the report with the Independent Regulator, the Police, the Registrar of Working with Vulnerable People Act and/or the Advice and Referral Line.

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Systems alone don't protect children. Individuals, working collectively towards the goal of keeping children safe, can.  
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Victim survivor of child sexual abuse in a Tasmanian institution.