

TASMANIA

**CORRECTIONS AMENDMENT (ELECTRONIC
MONITORING) BILL 2020**

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consultation draft

**CORRECTIONS AMENDMENT (ELECTRONIC
MONITORING) BILL 2020**

*(Brought in by the Minister for Corrections, the Honourable
Elise Nicole Archer)*

A BILL FOR

**An Act to amend the *Corrections Act 1997* to enable
electronic monitoring of offenders to be a condition of
parole**

Be it enacted by Her Excellency the Governor of Tasmania, by
and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and
House of Assembly, in Parliament assembled, as follows:

1. Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Corrections
Amendment (Electronic Monitoring) Act 2020*.

2. Commencement

This Act commences on the day on which this
Act receives the Royal Assent.

3. Principal Act

In this Act, the *Corrections Act 1997** is referred
to as the Principal Act.

*No. 51 of 1997

Corrections Amendment (Electronic Monitoring) Act 2020
Act No. of 2020

s. 4

4. Section 72 amended (Release on parole)

Section 72 of the Principal Act is amended by inserting after subsection (5) the following subsection:

(5A) Without limiting the generality of subsection (5), the Board may impose on a parole order in respect of a prisoner the following conditions:

- (a) a condition that the prisoner must submit to electronic monitoring, including by wearing or carrying an electronic device;
- (b) a condition that the prisoner must not remove, tamper with, damage or disable any electronic device used for the purpose of the electronic monitoring;
- (c) a condition that the prisoner must comply with all reasonable and lawful directions given to the prisoner in relation to the electronic monitoring.

5. Repeal of Act

This Act is repealed on the first anniversary of the day on which it commenced.